In support of the Federal Aviation Administration's Runway Incursion Program, selected towered airport diagrams have been published in the Airport Diagram section of the A/FD. Diagrams will be listed alphabetically by associated city and airport name. Airport diagrams, depicting runway and taxiway configurations, will assist both VFR and IFR pilots in ground taxi operations. The airport diagrams in this publication are the same as those published in the U.S. Terminal Procedures Publications. For additional airport diagram legend information see the U.S. Terminal Procedures Publication.

NOTE: Some text data published under the individual airport in the front portion of the A/FD may be more current than the data published on the Airport Diagrams. The airport diagrams are updated only when significant changes occur.

PILOT CONTROLLED AIRPORT LIGHTING SYSTEMS

Available pilot controlled lighting (PCL) systems are indicated as follows:

1. Approach lighting systems that bear a system identification are symbolized using negative symbology, e.g., , , .
2. Approach lighting systems that do not bear a system identification are indicated with a negative "**" beside the name.

A star (*) indicates non-standard PCL, consult Directory/Supplement, e.g., , , .

To activate lights, use frequency indicated in the communication section of the chart with a or the appropriate lighting system identification e.g., UNICOM 122.8 , , .

KEY MIKE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUNCTION</th>
<th>7 times within 5 seconds</th>
<th>5 times within 5 seconds</th>
<th>3 times within 5 seconds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Highest intensity available</td>
<td>Medium or lower intensity (Lower REIL or REIL-off)</td>
<td>Lowest intensity available (Lower REIL or REIL-off)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHART CURRENCY INFORMATION

Date of Latest Revision: 09365

The Date of Latest Revision identifies the Julian date the chart was added or last revised for any reason. The first two digits indicate the year, the last three digits indicate the day of the year (001 to 365/6) in which the latest revision of any kind has been made to the chart.

FAA Procedure Amendment Number

Orig: 31DEC09
Amnd: 28MAR09

Procedure Amendment Effective Date

The FAA Procedure Amendment Number represents the most current amendment of a given procedure. The Procedure Amendment Effective Date represents the AIRAC cycle date on which the procedure amendment was incorporated into the chart. Updates to the amendment number & effective date represent procedural/criteria revisions to the charted procedure, e.g., course, fix, altitude, minima, etc.

NOTE: Inclusion of the "Procedure Amendment Effective Date" will be phased in as procedures are amended. As this occurs, the Julian date will be relocated to the upper right corner of the chart.

MISCELLANEOUS

- Indicates a non-continuously operating facility, see A/FD or flight supplement.
- "Radar required": on the chart indicates that radar vectoring is required for the approach.
- Distances in nautical miles (except visibility in statute miles and Runway Visual Range in hundreds of feet). Runway Dimensions in feet. Elevations in feet. Mean Sea Level (MSL). Ceilings in feet above airport elevation. Radials/bearings/headings/courses are magnetic. Horizontal Datum: Unless otherwise noted on the chart, all coordinates are referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84).

Terrain is scaled within the neat lines (planview boundaries) and does not accurately underlie not-to-scale distance depictions or symbols.
LEGEND

INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES (CHARTS)

AIRPORT DIAGRAM/AIRPORT SKETCH

- Runways
- Other Than Hard Surface
- Hard Surface
- Stopways, Taxiways, Parking Areas, Water Runways
- Displaced Threshold
- Closed Runway
- Taxiway
- Construction
- Under Construction
- Metal Surface
- Uniform Directional
- Bi-Directional
- Jet Barrier

ARRESTING GEAR: Specific arresting gear systems; e.g., BAK 12, MA-1A etc., shown on airport diagrams, not applicable to Civil Pilots. Military Pilots refer to appropriate DOD publications.

REFERENCE FEATURES

- Buildings
- 24-Hour Self-Serve Fuel
- Tanks
- Obstructions
- Airport Beacon
- Radar Reflectors
- Hot Spot
- Control Tower
- When Control Tower and Rotating Beacon are co-located, Beacon symbol will be used and further identified as TWR.

- A fuel symbol is shown to indicate 24-hour self-serve fuel available, see appropriate A/FD, Alaska or Pacific Supplement for information.

- Runway length depicted is the physical length of the runway (end-to-end, including displaced thresholds if any) but excluding areas designated as stopways.

- A symbol is shown to indicate runway declared distance information available, see appropriate A/FD, Alaska or Pacific Supplement for distance information.

- Runway Weight Bearing Capacity/or PCN Pavement Classification Number is shown as a coded expression. Refer to the appropriate Supplement/Directory for applicable codes e.g., RWY 14-32 PCN 80 F/D/X/U S-75, D-185, 25-175, 2D-325

- FIELD ELEV 174
- Displaced Threshold
- Runway Slope
- Runway Elevation
- Runway End Elevation
- Runway Dimensions (in feet)
- Runway Heading (Magnetic)
- Movement Area Dimensions (in feet)
- EMAS

- Runway Slope
- (shown when runway slope is greater than or equal to 0.8%)
- Runway Threshold elevation (shown when runway slope is greater than or equal to 0.3%)
- Runway TDZE elevation (shown when runway slope is greater than or equal to 0.3%)

- U.S. Navy Optical Landing System (OLS) "OLS" location is shown because of its height of approximately 7 feet and proximity to edge of runway may create an obstruction for some types of aircraft.

- Approach light symbols are shown in the Flight Information Handbook.

- Airport diagram scales are variable.

- True/magnetic North orientation may vary from diagram to diagram

- Coordinate values are shown in 1 or ½ minute increments. They are further broken down into 6 second ticks, within each 1 minute increments.

- Positional accuracy within ±600 feet unless otherwise noted on the chart.

- NOTE: All new and revised airport diagrams are shown referenced to the World Geodetic System (WGS) (note on appropriate diagram), and may not be compatible with local coordinates published in FLIP. (Foreign Only)

SCOPE

Airport diagrams are specifically designed to assist in the movement of ground traffic at locations with complex runway/taxiway configurations. Airport diagrams are not intended to be used for approach and landing or departure operations. For revisions to Airport Diagrams: Consult FAA Order 7910.4.